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### **B-1**

### **Lab Exercise 7- Create Service in Kubernetes**

### **Objective:**

* Understand the syntax and structure of a Kubernetes Service definition file (YAML).
* Learn to create different types of Services: ClusterIP, NodePort, and LoadBalancer.
* Comprehend how Services operate independently of specific Pods.

### **Prerequisites**

* Kubernetes Cluster: Have a running Kubernetes cluster (locally using Minikube or kind, or a cloud-based service).
* kubectl: Install and configure kubectl to interact with your Kubernetes cluster.
* Basic Knowledge of YAML: Familiarity with YAML format will be helpful for understanding Kubernetes resource definitions.

### **Step-by-Step Guide**

**NodePort Service**

To expose the Service on a port on each Node in the cluster, modify the Service type to NodePort.

Create a YAML file named nodeport-service.yaml with the following content:

apiVersion: v1

kind: Service

metadata:

name: nodeport-service

spec:

selector:

app: my-app

ports:

- protocol: TCP

port: 80

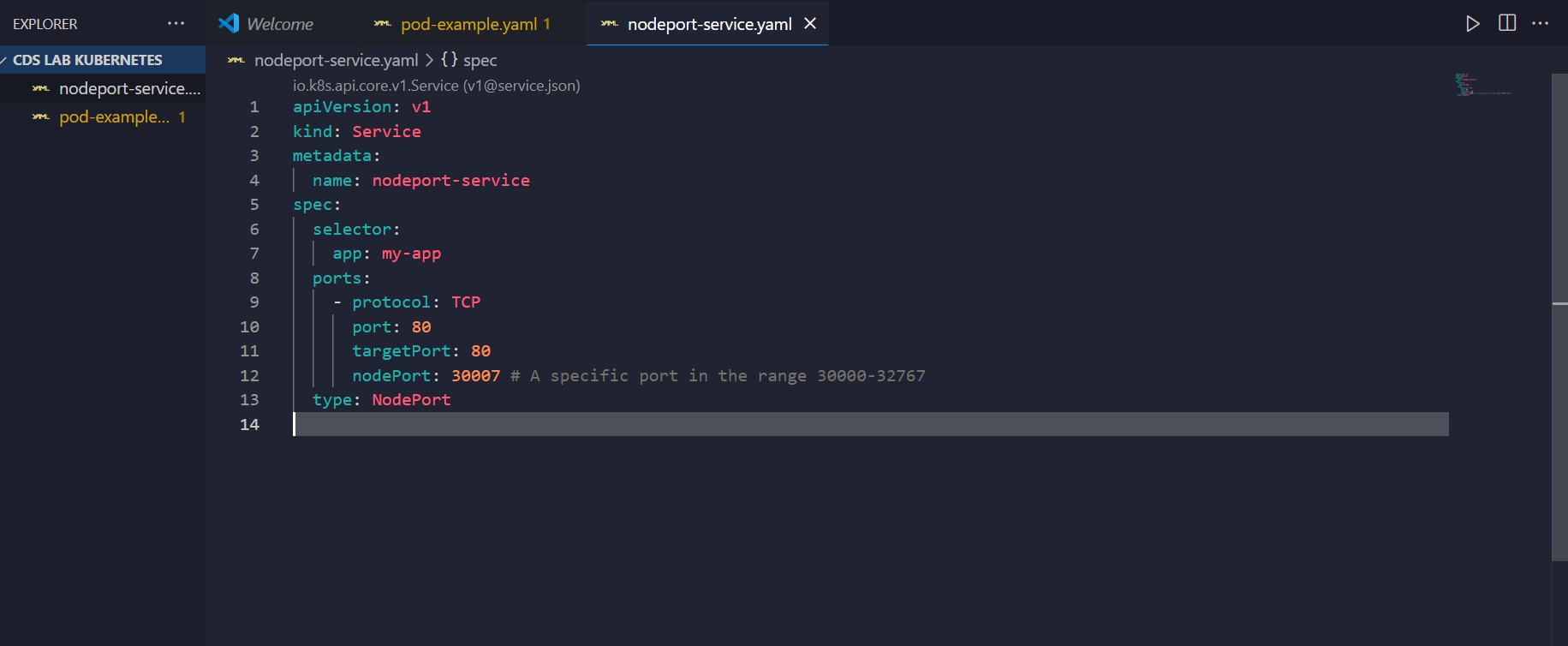
targetPort: 80

nodePort: 30007 # A specific port in the range 30000-32767

type: NodePort

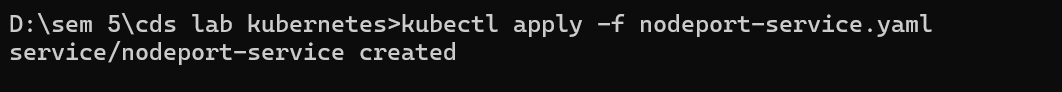
**Explanation:**

* The primary difference from the ClusterIP Service is the addition of nodePort, which specifies the static port on each Node.
* type: Set to NodePort, exposing the Service on a specific port across all Nodes.



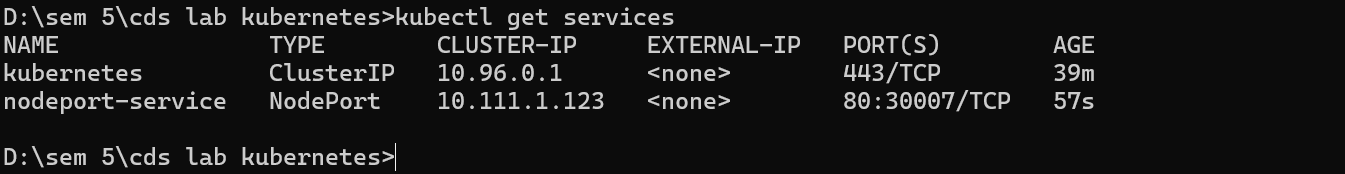
**Apply this YAML to create the NodePort Service:**

kubectl apply -f nodeport-service.yaml



**Verify the Service:**

kubectl get services



You should see the nodeport-service listed with a NodePort and details about the port exposed.